

Department of Health & Human Services
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

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STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION	(X1) PROVIDER/SUPPLIER/CLIA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 245412	(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION A. Building B. Wing	(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED 06/10/2026
NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER Cokato Manor		STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE 182 Sunset Avenue Cokato, MN 55321	
For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.			
(X4) ID PREFIX TAG	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES (Each deficiency must be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)		
F 0657 Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm Residents Affected - Few	Develop the complete care plan within 7 days of the comprehensive assessment; and prepared, reviewed, and revised by a team of health professionals. **NOTE- TERMS IN BRACKETS HAVE BEEN EDITED TO PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY** Based on interview and document review, the facility failed to provide routine care conferences to allow for resident participation for 1 of 4 residents (R40) reviewed for care conferences. Findings include: R40's quarterly minimum data set (MDS) assessment dated [DATE], indicated R40 was admitted to the facility on [DATE], was cognitively intact and had the following diagnoses: high blood pressure, arthritis, and schizophrenia. R40's electronic medical record (EMR) revealed documentation of care conferences being held on 5/2/25, 10/7/25, 12/30/25, and 3/28/26. The EMR lacked evidence of a care conference being held between 5/2/25 and 10/7/25. During an interview on 6/8/26 at 9:10 a.m., R40 stated she understood what care conferences were but had not been invited to any type of care meeting over the past year. During interview on 6/10/26 at 2:38 p.m., Licensed Social Worker (LSW) stated care conferences should be held at time of admission, then every three months and/or if there was a significant change of condition. LSW collaborated with other team members to gather pertinent care plan information. It was reviewed with the resident and their representative at the care conference. LSW stated she was responsible for scheduling and documenting care conferences in the EMR (electronic medical record). LSW could not provide documentation of a care conference being held between 5/2/25 and 10/7/25 and stated, If it isn't documented it didn't happen. LSW stated it was important to have quarterly care conferences with the residents because they were the foundation of the care and residents had the right to be included in decisions that directly affect their care. During interview on 6/10/26 at 2:53 p.m., Administrator (Admin) stated care conferences were offered and held with the MDS quarterly schedule and as needed for a significant change of condition. Admin stated LSW was responsible for scheduling and documentation of care conferences for all residents. Admin stated when a care conference was held there should be a follow-up note in the EMR documenting the outcome of the meeting. Admin confirmed there was no documentation for a care conference being held for R40 between 5/2/25 and 10/7/25. Admin stated she expected care conferences to be held quarterly and should include the residents if they were able or their representative. Admin stated it was important to have quarterly care conferences so the residents can be involved in the planning of their care. A facility policy titled Cokato Manor Interdisciplinary Care Planning with a last review date of 2/2026 indicated the following: The residents and their designated responsible party are invited to attend the initial care planning conference and sequential conferences: annual and significant change conferences. Social worker to be responsible for leading the care conference meeting with the interdisciplinary team, resident and responsible party. Residents and families are invited to care planning meetings by the social worker. The social worker informs families of time constraints and monitors time during the care planning session.		

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.

LABORATORY DIRECTOR'S OR PROVIDER/SUPPLIER REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	TITLE	(X6) DATE
FORM CMS-2567 (02/99) Previous Versions Obsolete	Event ID:	Facility ID: 245412
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F 0761 Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm Residents Affected - Few	Ensure drugs and biologicals used in the facility are labeled in accordance with currently accepted professional principles; and all drugs and biologicals must be stored in locked compartments, separately locked, compartments for controlled drugs. Based on observation, interview, and document review, the facility failed to ensure medications were appropriately labeled with an opened-on date to prevent expired medications from being administered in 2 of 2 medications carts and 1 of 1 medication rooms reviewed for medication labeling and storage. Findings include: During observation and interview on 6/10/26 at 9:06 a.m., with registered nurse (RN)-A the North medication cart was reviewed and revealed the following: Nizoral shampoo- dated 9/10/24 (exp date: 1/2026) Victosa insulin pen: no opened-on date Diclofenec Sod Top Gel: no opened-on date Biofreeze gel 4%: no opened-on date Hydrocortison cream 1%: no opened-on date Biofreeze 4% gel: no opened-on date Nystatin cream 100000 u: no opened-on date Diclofenec gel: no opened-on date Hemorrhoidal ointment: no opened-on date Calmoseptine ointment: dispensed 10/11/24; No opened-on date Diclofenca Sod Top Gel 1%: no opened-on date Diclofenca Sod Top Gel 1%: no opened-on date Triamcinolone Acetonide Cream (2 15-gram tubes): no opened-on date RN-A stated all eyedrops, creams, gels or anything that comes in a tube should be dated as soon as it is opened. RN-A stated all nurses and trained medication aides (TMA's) should be checking for an opened-on date when using these medications. During observation and interview on 6/10/26 at 9:31 a.m., the medication room was reviewed with RN-A and revealed the following opened medications: Sustane eye drops (2 bottles): no opened-on date Ketoconazole cream 2%: no opened-on date Bacitracin ointment: no opened-on date Hydrocortisone cream 2.5%: sticker indicated dispensed on 4/23/24 -to be discarded 4/23/25- no opened-on date Dorzolamide Hydrochloride and Timolol Maleate Ophthalmic Solution 2% (2 bottles): no opened-on date During observation and interview on 6/10/26 at 10:03 a.m., with RN-B the East wing medication cart was reviewed and revealed the following: Hydrocortisone Cream 1%- no opened-on date Diclofenac Sodium Gel 1%: no opened-on date RN-B stated if a medication was missing the opened-on date it shouldn't be used because it could be expired, and the resident wouldn't get the actual prescribed dose. During interview on 6/10/26 at 3:01 p.m., Director of Nursing (DON) stated all medications should have an opened-on date clearly affixed so staff can identify when a medication was opened. DON stated she expected staff to affix an opened-on sticker and fill it out each time they opened a new bottle of eyedrops, creams, gels etc. DON went on to state staff should be checking this date every time they administer these medications. DON stated it was important to have the opened-on date because without it staff could inadvertently administer expired medications which would be less effective or ineffective. Facility policy titled Medication Storage in The Facility with a last review date of 2/26 indicated the following: When the original seal of a manufacturer's container or vial is initially broken, the container or vial will be dated; The nurse shall place a date opened sticker on the medication and enter the date opened and the new date of expiration. The expiration date of the vial or container will be 30 days unless the manufacturer recommends another date or regulations/guidelines require different dating.		