

STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION	(X1) PROVIDER/SUPPLIER/CLIA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 345489	(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION A. Building B. Wing	(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED 01/07/2026
NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER Rockwell Park Rehabilitation and Healthcare Center		STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE 1930 West Sugar Creek Road Charlotte, NC 28262	
For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.			
(X4) ID PREFIX TAG	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES (Each deficiency must be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)		
F 0689 Level of Harm - Actual harm Residents Affected - Few	<p>Ensure that a nursing home area is free from accident hazards and provides adequate supervision to prevent accidents.</p> <p>**NOTE- TERMS IN BRACKETS HAVE BEEN EDITED TO PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY** Based on observations, record review, and staff and Medical Director interviews, the facility failed to provide safe transport for a resident in a wheelchair when Nurse #1 transported Resident #1 in a wheelchair to the medication cart while Resident #1 held her legs up because she was unable to bend them and place them on the wheelchair footrests. Resident #1's left leg dropped down between the wheelchair footrests and got caught underneath the wheelchair. Resident #1 was complaining of severe pain to her left leg with swelling noted to her left shin and was transferred to the emergency department (ED) for further evaluation. X-rays obtained in the ED revealed Resident #1 sustained a left proximal (upper) tibia (shinbone) fracture and her left leg was placed in a splint and she returned to the facility with orders for hydrocodone/acetaminophen 5-325 milligrams two tablets administered every 6 hours as needed to manage her pain. This deficient practice occurred for 1 of 3 residents reviewed for accidents (Resident #1). The findings included: Resident #1 was admitted to the facility on [DATE] with diagnoses including cerebral infarction (stroke), osteoporosis, muscle weakness, and vascular dementia. The quarterly Minimum Data Set (MDS) assessment dated [DATE] revealed Resident #1 was moderately cognitively impaired, was dependent on staff for transfers and mobility, used a manual wheelchair and had lower extremity range of motion impairment on both sides. The care plan dated 10/03/25 indicated Resident #1 was dependent on staff for assistance with all activities of daily living due to a diagnosis of cerebral infarction and often refused to get out of bed. An incident report dated 11/22/25 at 2:30 PM completed by Nurse #1 revealed several visitors arrived at the facility to celebrate Resident #1's birthday and her room was too small to accommodate them, so they requested a larger place to meet and for Resident #1 to be transferred out of bed into a wheelchair. Resident #1 initially refused to get out of bed but finally agreed after continued encouragement from the visitors and staff. Nurse #1 and Nurse #2 used the mechanical lift to transfer Resident #1 from the bed into a wheelchair, but she was unable to bend her legs to place them on the wheelchair footrests due to stiffness and pain. Nurse #1 asked Resident #1 to hold her legs up so she could transport her in the wheelchair to the medication cart to administer pain medication. Resident #1 agreed and Nurse #1 transported her approximately 30 feet when she heard her yell out my leg. Nurse #1 stopped the wheelchair and observed that Resident #1's left leg had fallen between the wheelchair footrests and got caught underneath the wheelchair. Nurse #1 slowly rolled the wheelchair backwards to remove Resident #1's left leg from underneath the chair and noted Resident #1 was complaining of pain and had swelling to her left shin. Nurse #1 called 911, notified the on-call provider and obtained an order to transport Resident #1 to the ED for further evaluation. Resident #1 remained in the wheelchair and was administered acetaminophen 650 milligrams (mg) for pain and when emergency medical services (EMS) arrived at the facility, she was transported to the emergency department (ED) for further evaluation. The incident report further noted the contributing factor to Resident #1's injury was due to</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.

LABORATORY DIRECTOR'S OR PROVIDER/SUPPLIER REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	TITLE	(X6) DATE
FORM CMS-2567 (02/99) Previous Versions Obsolete	Event ID: 345489	Facility ID: 345489 If continuation sheet Page 1 of 6

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<p>F 0689</p> <p>Level of Harm - Actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Few</p>	<p>positioning in the wheelchair. An interview conducted with Nurse #1 on 1/06/26 at 11:35AM revealed she was assigned to Resident #1 on 11/22/25 7:00 AM to 3:00 PM. She stated several of Resident #1's family members arrived at the facility after lunch to celebrate her birthday and her room was too small to accommodate them, so they requested a larger place to meet, and she recommended the facility's library. She indicated the family agreed to gather in the facility's library and requested for Resident #1 to be transferred out of bed into a wheelchair. She stated Resident #1 usually refused to get out of bed but after continued encouragement from family and staff she agreed. Nurse #1 indicated Nurse #2 assisted her and they transferred Resident #1 from her bed to the wheelchair using the mechanical lift. She stated Resident #1's legs were stiff, she was complaining of leg pain and was unable to bend her legs to place them on the wheelchair footrests. Nurse #1 revealed she was rushing because the family was waiting, and asked Resident #1 to just hold her legs up so she could take her to the medication cart to administer pain medication and then bring her to the library. Nurse #1 revealed she transported Resident #1 in the wheelchair approximately 30 feet and was approaching the medication cart when Resident #1 yelled out my leg. Nurse #1 revealed she stopped the wheelchair and observed that Resident #1's left leg had fallen between the footrests and was caught underneath the wheelchair. She revealed she slowly rolled the wheelchair backwards to remove Resident #1's leg from under the chair and assessed her for injury. Nurse #1 stated Resident #1 was complaining of left leg pain, and her left shin was swollen. Nurse #1 revealed she was concerned Resident #1's leg was broken so she immediately called 911 and then called the on-call provider and obtained an order to transport Resident #1 to the ED for further evaluation. Nurse #1 indicated she administered acetaminophen to Resident #1 for pain and did not move or reposition her until EMS arrived. Nurse #1 revealed Resident #1 was diagnosed with a left tibia fracture in the ED and returned to the facility the same day, but it was after her shift ended. She stated Resident #1 had a soft splint in place on her left leg, was at her baseline and her pain was well managed. Nurse #1 indicated she was not aware of any previous episodes of Resident #1 not being able to bend her legs when she was transferred into the wheelchair and she thought her legs were stiff due to not getting out of bed for long periods of time. Nurse #1 revealed she should have given Resident #1's legs time to relax or used a different chair that could support her legs, but her family was waiting and she felt rushed. A review of the ED records dated 11/22/25 revealed Resident #1 was evaluated for an injury due to her left leg getting caught under a wheelchair. X-rays obtained in the ED revealed Resident #1 had an acute fracture of the left proximal tibia and also noted diffuse osteopenia (weakening of the bones). Due to Resident #1's non-ambulatory status prior to the injury surgery was not indicated and her left leg was placed in a splint for comfort. Resident #1 was discharged back to the facility with orders for hydrocodone/acetaminophen 5-325 mg every 6 hours as needed for pain and to schedule a follow up appointment with orthopedic. A nurse's note dated 11/22/25 at 9:53 PM written by the Director of Nursing (DON) revealed Resident #1 returned to the facility with a left lower leg splint and orders for hydrocodone/ acetaminophen 5-325 mg every 6 hours as needed for pain and to schedule a follow up with orthopedic. The Medical Director's note dated 11/24/25 indicated Resident #1 was transferred to the ED 11/22/25 due to a leg injury and diagnosed with an acute left proximal tibia fracture. Resident #1 was observed lying in bed comfortably with a left leg splint in place and had no complaints of pain. New orders were given to administer hydrocodone/ acetaminophen 5-325 mg two tablets every 6 hours for pain for 14 days and to follow up with orthopedic as needed. A review of Resident #1's physician orders and medication administration record (MAR) revealed the following: 1/13/25 acetaminophen 325 milligrams (mg) give 2 tablets by mouth every 6 hours as needed for pain or fever. The MAR indicated it was</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

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