

STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION	(X1) PROVIDER/SUPPLIER/CLIA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 675356	(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION A. Building B. Wing	(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED 02/05/2026
NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER Windsor Nursing and Rehabilitation Center of Bastr		STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE 400 Old Austin Hwy Bastrop, TX 78602	

For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.

(X4) ID PREFIX TAG	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES (Each deficiency must be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)
<p>F 0760</p> <p>Level of Harm - Actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Some</p>	<p>Ensure that residents are free from significant medication errors.</p> <p>**NOTE- TERMS IN BRACKETS HAVE BEEN EDITED TO PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY** Based on interviews and record reviews, the facility failed to ensure residents were free of any significant medication errors for 1 of 5 residents (Resident #1) reviewed for significant medication errors. The facility failed to ensure processes were in place for accurate verification and reconciliation of physician orders and medications upon admission. The DON did not enter the complete medication allergy list into Resident #1's electronic medical record and the facility's NP prescribed an antibiotic that Resident # 1 had a known allergy to. This resulted in Resident #1 having an allergic reaction that led to significant rash over her body. Resident #1 was administered the medication Bactrim DS: Oral Tablet 800-160 MG (Sulfamethoxazole-Trimethoprim) a total of 12 different times on: 12/24/2025 (1 time), 12/25/2025 (2 times), 12/26/2025 (2 times), 12/27/2025 (2 times), 12/28/2025 (2 times), 12/29/2025 (2 times), and 12/30/2025 (1 time). The physician order was to give 1 tablet by mouth every 12 hours for 10 days from 12/24/2025. The non-compliance was identified as past non-compliance. The deficient practice at the level of actual began on 12/24/2025 and ended on 12/30/2025. The facility had corrected the noncompliance prior to the start of the survey. The facility had implemented corrective actions and returned to compliance before the investigation began. This failure could place residents at risk of health decline, allergic reactions, hospitalization, and death. Review of the facility's Provider Investigation Report, dated 01/08/26, revealed, Resident #1 first admitted to the facility on [DATE]. On 12/24/2025 [Resident #1] was noted with redness and warmth to left lower extremity-the same leg as the fracture. Provider notified and orders obtained for Tramadol for pain, and Bactrim DS for cellulitis. On 12/29/25 [Resident#1] was noted with a rash to back of neck and back. Lab order obtained for STAT WBC with differential. On 12/30/2025 approximately 1:00 PM [Resident#1] was noted with worsening of rash with inflamed pruritus (itchy skin) to the arms, thighs, back and stomach. Nurse practitioner informed and antibiotic was discontinued. NP noted in review of hospital records that resident had an allergy to sulfa medications that was not included in medical record. Record review of Resident #1's MDS Assessment, dated 12/29/25, reflected she was an [AGE] year-old female, admitted [DATE] with a BIMS score of 6, which indicated severe cognitive impairment characterized by loss of core information, inability to focus, and difficulty understanding spoken or written instructions. The resident's diagnoses included displaced comminuted fracture of shaft of left tibia (left shinbone where the bone has shattered into multiple pieces), coronary artery disease (main blood vessels that supply your heart struggle to send enough blood, oxygen, and nutrients to heart muscle, hyperlipidemia (too much fat like cholesterol or triglycerides in the blood, which can raise the risk of heart disease and stroke), and unspecified dementia (significant memory and thinking problems that interfere with daily life). Record review of Resident #1's facility's resident evaluation, dated 12/8/2025, uploaded to Resident #1's electronic file 12/23/25 at 3:54 PM reflected allergies: Pennicillin, Sulfa, Clindamycin Azithromycin. Record review of Resident #1's hospital discharge date d 12/23/25 and uploaded to Resident #1's electronic</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.

LABORATORY DIRECTOR'S OR PROVIDER/SUPPLIER REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	TITLE	(X6) DATE
FORM CMS-2567 (02/99) Previous Versions Obsolete	Event ID: Facility ID: 675356	If continuation sheet Page 1 of 5

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F 0760 Level of Harm - Actual harm Residents Affected - Some	<p>file 12/23/2025 at 3:54 PM reflected coded allergies: Penicillins (Severe, Swelling, Rash 01/15/21), Sulfa (Sulfonamide Antibiotics) (Severe, Swelling and Rash 01/15/21) azithromycin (Severe, Swelling, Rash 01/15/21) clindamycin (Severe, Swelling, Rash 01/15/21).Record review of Resident #1's electronic allergy profile reflected Penicillin, Clindamycin, Azithromycin were added on 12/23/2025. Sulfa Antibiotics and Bactrim were not added until 12/30/2025.Record review of Resident #1's Medication Administration Review (MAR), dated 12/01/2025 through 12/31/2025, reflected the resident was administered Bactrim DS: Oral Tablet 800-160 MG (Sulfamethoxazole-Trimethoprim) on: 12/24/2025 (1 time), 12/25/2025 (2 times), 12/26/2025 (2 times), 12/27/2025 (2 times), 12/28/2025 (2 times), 12/29/2025 (2 times), and 12/30/2025 (1 time) which was a total of 12 times. Record review of Resident #1's progress note dated 12/29/2025 at 1:56 PM by LVN D reflected this nurse notified by res RP to come to resident room, Res RP concerned about red spots on the back of neck and her back. Red areas appear to look like petechiae(tiny, red, purple spots on skin). This nurse notified [NP] regarding issue and received an order for STAT CBC w/diff.Record review of Resident #1's progress note dated 12/30/2025 at 3:00 PM Change of Condition reflected: erythema(abnormal redness to skin) inflamed patches of redness/hives with pruritus to arms, thigh, back and stomach, started 12/29/2025, since started it has gotten: Worse.Interview conducted 2/05/2026 at 12:35 PM, ADM stated the admitting nurses for Resident #1 on 12/23/2025 was former DON and LVN B. ADM stated the facility did not have a policy named admission Procedures for Nurses.Interview conducted 2/05/2026 at 1:13 PM, former DON stated she worked for the facility since January 2023. She stated she stopped working for the facility on 1/13/2026. DON stated Resident #1 was admitted on [DATE] and the Quick ADT didn't get completed and it wasn't realized until the next day. DON stated they can put in information such as allergies, batch orders, crushed medications, and other standard items on a resident prior to their arrival when they are wait-listed. DON stated she started inputting Resident #1's allergy information and then State (HHSC) walked into the building on an investigation, and she stopped completing the information on Resident #1. DON stated she then passed the duty over to the charge nurse LVN A to finish inputting information. DON stated LVN B also worked on some of Resident #1's admission information and LVN C was the admitting nurse. DON stated they all were seasoned workers, and she did not know what happened. The DON stated that the nurse on duty was responsible for completing the admission process. This includes entering the admission note, completing the skin assessment, and confirming physician orders and medications. She stated that orders entered ahead of a resident's arrival must be confirmed against the orders provided by EMS to ensure they match. The DON further stated that the nurse accepting the resident is responsible for double-checking all allergies and entering on that day along with code status. She added that the nurse contacts and reviews the information with the NP.Interview conducted 2/05/2026 at 2:11 PM, LVN A stated she did not work on 12/23/2025. She stated she was not part of Resident #1's admission at all.Interview conducted 2/05/2026 at 2:26 PM, the RP stated her mother (Resident #1) was admitted to the facility at approximately 6:45 PM on 12/23/25. She reported that Resident #1's medical information was provided to the facility by EMS transport at the time of admission. The RP stated that when she visited Resident #1 on 12/29/25, she observed red hives on her. She reported the facility had washed Resident #1's hair, which she did not feel was necessary because her mother had recently had her hair braided. The RP further stated Resident #1's gown and bed sheets were wet, so she removed them. She reported after she removed the wet gown, she observed a rash covering Resident #1's body. The RP stated she reported her observations to CNA E, who suggested it might be related to something Resident #1 may have eaten. The RP also reported speaking with LVN D regarding the rash. According to the RP, the facility ordered laboratory work on 12/29/25. The RP stated that</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

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F 0760 Level of Harm - Actual harm Residents Affected - Some	<p>any skin issues at that time. She reported that when the resident's daughter visited later, she asked for a nurse to assess Resident #1's skin. LVN D stated that upon assessment, she observed a rash on the lower portion of the resident's back, which appeared to look like petechial in nature to her. She called and notified the NP. She further stated she was unaware at the time that Resident #1 had a Bactrim allergy until after the medication was discontinued, at which time the allergy was added to the medical record later. LVN D stated the hospital discharge paperwork had the resident's allergies listed on them. LVN D explained that if allergy information is not accurately entered into the medical record, potential harm to the resident could occur, such as allergic reactions including severe hives. She acknowledged that serious outcomes, including life-threatening reactions, could result. An interview conducted on 02/05/2026 at 5:41 PM, the ADM stated he has been employed at the facility for 9 months. He stated that the admitting nurse was responsible for entering new resident information upon admission, including obtaining discharge orders and relevant diagnoses for prompt entry into the electronic health record. He stated this task is generally assigned to the nurse designated to that resident's room on the day of admission. When questioned about the incomplete allergy profile for Resident #1, the ADM stated the information was missed and not accurately transcribed. He reported that the admitting nurse was expected to communicate all clinical information to the physician and NP. The ADM acknowledged that the former DON failed to complete the allergy portion of the ADT process. He stated that, ultimately, he holds responsibility for ensuring this process is completed. He reported having extensive discussions with the DON regarding the incident. The Administrator stated his expectation was that nurses thoroughly review all clinical information, accurately enter it into the electronic health record, and communicate all orders to the physician and NP. He indicated the facility has implemented a new protocol in which two nurses will complete the admission checklist, specifically the DON and a designated nurse. The Administrator further stated that failure to enter accurate allergy information could result in an allergic reaction and potential harm to a resident. Record review of facility policy Medication Administration revised 10/01/19 read: Policy Medications are administered as prescribed in accordance with good nursing principles and practices and only by persons legally authorized to do so. Personnel authorized to administer medications do so only after they have been properly oriented to the medication management system in the facility. The facility has sufficient staff and a medication distribution system to ensure safe administration of medications without unnecessary interruptions. Procedure 1. Preparation A. Medications are prepared only by licensed nursing, medical, pharmacy or other personnel authorized by state laws and regulations to prepare medications. D. 10 Rights of Medication Administration - Whenever you are preparing to give someone medication, it is important to understand the 10 rights of medication administration. Safety should be the first thing on your mind with medications. There is always a risk of giving the wrong pill, the wrong dose, or the wrong drug. While there has always been protocol for giving drugs, it is important for everyone to know the safety rules for medication. In the past, you may have heard of the 5 rights of Medication Administration: right patient, right drug, right route, right time, and right dose. Medical practices have changed to include a few more rights. 1. Right Patient - Make sure you are giving the right medication to the right person. Check the name on the order and the patient. Use 2 identifiers. Always ask the patient's name, check an ID band, pictures or whatever form of identification is being used and check the medication bottles/cards/tubes to compare before giving a medication. 2. Right Medication - Check the medication supply and compare it to the doctor's order to make sure it is the right one. 7. Right Education / Reason - Let your patient know what to expect from the medication: side-effects, benefits, and reactions that might happen. The patient has the right to</p> <p>(continued on next page)</p>		

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