

STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION	(X1) PROVIDER/SUPPLIER/CLIA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 675417	(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION A. Building B. Wing	(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED 02/21/2026
NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER Fair Park Health & Rehabilitation Center		STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE 2815 Martin Luther King Jr Blvd Dallas, TX 75215	

For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.

(X4) ID PREFIX TAG	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES (Each deficiency must be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)
<p>F 0880</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Some</p>	<p>Provide and implement an infection prevention and control program.</p> <p>**NOTE- TERMS IN BRACKETS HAVE BEEN EDITED TO PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY** Based on observations, interviews, and record review, the facility failed to maintain an Infection Prevention and Control Program designed to provide a safe, sanitary, and comfortable environment and to help prevent the development and transmission of communicable diseases and infections for 2 of 2 Residents (Resident #1, and Resident #2) observed for infection control. 1.The facility failed to ensure CNA D and RN A utilized Enhanced Barrier Precautions and performed hand hygiene during wound care for Resident #1 on 02/21/26. 2. The facility failed to ensure RN A handled Resident #1's wound care supplies appropriately to prevent cross contamination during wound care on 02/21/26. 3.The facility failed to ensure LVN B performed hand hygiene during wound care for Resident # 2 and failed to prevent cross contamination of wound care supplies on 02/21/26. These failures could place the residents at risk of cross-contamination and development of infection. Findings included: 1. Record Review of Resident #1's Face Sheet dated 02/21/26 reflected a [AGE] year-old male with an admission date of 11/11/25. His diagnoses included quadriplegic (partial or total loss of sensation and motor function in all four limbs) and protein malnutrition (deficiency resulting in inadequate intake of protein/and or calories leading to weight loss and muscle wasting). Record review of Resident #1's care plan initiated on 11/13/2 reflected, [Resident #1] is on Enhanced Barrier Precautions.Interventions included. Gloves and gown should be donned if any of the following activities are to occur: linen change, resident hygiene, transfer, dressing, toileting/incontinent care, bed mobility, wound care.high-contact activity. Posting at the residents room entrance indicating the resident is on enhanced barrier precautions. In an interview and observation on 02/21/26 at 8:25 a.m. with Resident #1 in his room, resident was observed on a low air loss mattress and pressure relieving boots on both feet. Resident #1 stated he had been in the facility before and had moved closer to his family to another facility but stated it was terrible and came back here November 2025. He stated the wound care doctor comes to see him once a week. He stated they had his wounds closed up but they had opened back up. He stated he had requested his wound care be done only three times a week on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday. He stated he did decline wound yesterday (02/20/26) and stated he would let the nurse do his wound care today. An observation on 02/21/2026 at 8:55 a.m. revealed RN A outside of Resident #1's room preparing his wound care supplies. An EBP sign was posted on the door. RN A pulled several packages of boarder dressings, stack of 4x4 gauze, syringes of normal saline, squeezed some hydrogel into a medication cup and poured collagen powder in another medication cup. RN A and CNA D entered the room and RN A placed the wound care supplies on the resident's bedside without cleaning the table or placing the supplies on a barrier. Both staff then washed their hands and put on gloves, but no gowns. RN A removed the old dressing from Resident #1's left inner knee and discarded the dressing. With the same gloves she picked up a syringe of normal saline and picked up a few 4xr4's from the stack and cleaned with wound. RN A then took her gloved finger and dipped it into the cup containing the hydrogel and rubbed it onto the wound with her finger and did the same with the collagen powder and then covered the wound with a boarder dressing. RN A then removed her gloves and put on clean gloves without performing hand hygiene and removed the outer dressing from the resident's right outer ankle and picked up a syringe of a saline to (continued on next page)</p>

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.

LABORATORY DIRECTOR'S OR PROVIDER/SUPPLIER REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	TITLE	(X6) DATE
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<p>F 0880</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Some</p>	<p>help remove the old calcium alginate dressing which had stuck to the wound bed. RN A removed the dressing and continued to clean the wound bed with normal saline. RN A then laid the syringe which still had some normal saline on the bedside table with the other wound care supplies and with the same soiled gloves she opened a package of calcium alginate and pulled a piece sized for the wound and placed it on the wound and then covered it with a boarder gauze dressing. RN A then removed her gloves and put on clean gloves without performing hand hygiene and then with the assistance of CNA D they rolled the resident onto his side for her to perform the sacral wound care. RN A removed the old dressing and picked up the previously used syringe of normal saline and some 4x4 gauze and cleaned the wound bed. With the same gloves RN A then used her finger to apply the collagen powder to the wound and then covered the wound with calcium alginate and covered with a border gauze dressing. RN A gathered the trash, removed her gloves, performed hand hygiene, and left the room. CNA D repositioned the resident and offloaded his feet and knees with pillows, removed her gloves, performed hand hygiene, and left the room. In an interview on 02/21/26 at 9:25 a.m. RN A stated any resident who had a wound required EBP and she stated, Oh my goodness, I did not wear a gown. She stated she just simply forgot. She stated the reason for EBP was to prevent the spread of drug-resistant organisms from patient to patient. She stated she works double weekends and stated they were responsible for the wound care on the weekends but had a treatment nurse during the week. She stated she did not have very many treatments scheduled on the weekend. She stated she was not aware she had to set up her wound care supplies on a clean field and thought she only had to change her gloves when going from one wound to the next wound. She stated she really wanted to learn to do the correct way. She stated she could see how easily you could cross contaminate a wound. In an interview with CNA D on 02/21/26 at 9:30 a.m. she stated she had received training on Enhanced Barrier precautions and any resident with a foley or wound they were required to wear a gown and gloves when they provided care. She stated since she was just helping turn the resident, she just forgot to put on gown. She stated the risk of not following the correct precautions was the spread of infection. 2. Record review of Resident #2's Face Sheet dated 2/21/26, reflected a [AGE] year-old male with an admission date of 04/15/24. His diagnoses included metabolic encephalopathy (acute brain dysfunction caused by systemic illnesses that disrupt metabolic process) and diabetes. In an observation on 2/21/26 at 11:15 a.m. revealed LVN B at the treatment cart pulling wound care supplies to provide wound care for Resident #2. LVN B grabbed a large package of 4x4 gauze, a tube of hydrogel ointment, tubes of normal saline and a border gauze and entered the resident's room. LVN B placed the wound care supplies on the resident's bedside table without cleaning the table and placing the supplies on a clean field. LVN B washed her hands, put on gloves and gown, and then removed the old dressing from Resident #2's right upper thigh wound. LVN B then removed her gloves and re-gloved without performing hand hygiene pulled some 4x4 gauze and opened a tube of normal saline and cleaned the wound. LVN B then removed her gloves and re-gloved without performing hand hygiene and called out to the DON to bring her a smaller boarder dressing than the large dressing she had brought into the room. The DON entered the room and handed LVN B a smaller boarder dressing. LVN B opened the package of boarder dressing and then opened the tube of hydrogel ointment and squeezed a small amount onto the dressing. LVN B then laid the tube of hydrogel ointment on the bedside table without closing the lid and covered the wound with the boarder dressing. LVN B then removed her gown and gloves and washed her hands and gathered the package of 4 x 4 gauze, the tube of hydrogel and the large boarder dressing and returned them to the treatment cart. In an interview with LVN B on 2/21/26 at 11:35 a.m. she stated they usually do not have a lot of wound care treatments to do. She stated she knew she was supposed to change her gloves when she went from cleaning the wound before treating the wound and should have performed hand hygiene. She stated she was not aware she had to set her wound care supplies on a clean field and did not know she could not bring out unused supplies. In an interview with the DON on 2/21/26 at 1:03 p.m. she stated staff were to change their gloves and perform hand hygiene before going form dirty to clean, (continued on next page)</p>		

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<p>F 0880</p> <p>Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm</p> <p>Residents Affected - Some</p>	<p>before entering a resident's room and before leaving a resident's room. She stated all residents who were in Enhanced Barrier Precautions had signs posted on their doors and the staff was expected to follow those protocols. She stated they train and do in-services constantly on infection control. She stated that failing to follow those protocol places residents at a higher risk of infections. She stated annual skills checks on the nurse's which included wound care. She stated they were to set up their supplies on a clean field and most definitely were not to apply any wound treatment with their gloved hand. She stated the staff was only to carry in the supplies they needed and anything not used needed to be discarded. She stated she would discard the tube of hydrogel, gauze, and dressing that was brought out of Resident #2's room. She stated they had a treatment nurse during the week but stated the weekend nurses were to be doing the wound care on the weekends. She stated she would be doing skills checks and re-education with the nurses. She stated she and her ADON do spot checks with nurses on their skills. Record review of the facility's policy titled, Enhanced Barrier Precautions, dated on April 2024, reflected, .Enhanced Barrier Precautions (EBP) refer to an infection control intervention designed to reduce transmission of multidrug-resistant organisms that employ targeted gown and glove use during high contact resident care activities.Wounds generally include chronic wounds.pressure ulcers.unhealed surgical wounds.venous stasis ulcers. Record review of the facility undated policy titled, Fundamentals of infection control, reflected, .Hand Hygiene continues to be the primary means of preventing the transmission of infection. The following is a list of some situations that require hand hygiene.When hands are visibly soiled.before and after direct contact resident contact.Before and after isolation precautions.Before and after changing a dressing.after removing gloves. Consistent use by staff of proper hygienic practices and techniques is critical to preventing the spread of infections.</p>		