

Department of Health & Human Services
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

Printed: 08/27/2026
Form Approved OMB
No. 0938-0391

STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES AND PLAN OF CORRECTION	(X1) PROVIDER/SUPPLIER/CLIA IDENTIFICATION NUMBER: 676321	(X2) MULTIPLE CONSTRUCTION A. Building B. Wing	(X3) DATE SURVEY COMPLETED 06/10/2026
NAME OF PROVIDER OR SUPPLIER Windsor Nursing and Rehabilitation Center of Corpus		STREET ADDRESS, CITY, STATE, ZIP CODE 3030 Fig St Corpus Christi, TX 78404	
For information on the nursing home's plan to correct this deficiency, please contact the nursing home or the state survey agency.			
(X4) ID PREFIX TAG	SUMMARY STATEMENT OF DEFICIENCIES (Each deficiency must be preceded by full regulatory or LSC identifying information)		
F 0689 Level of Harm - Minimal harm or potential for actual harm Residents Affected - Few	Ensure that a nursing home area is free from accident hazards and provides adequate supervision to prevent accidents. **NOTE- TERMS IN BRACKETS HAVE BEEN EDITED TO PROTECT CONFIDENTIALITY** Based on observations, interviews and record review the facility failed to ensure each resident received adequate supervision and assistance devices to prevent accidents for 1 of 5 residents (Resident #1) reviewed for accidents. The facility failed to ensure Resident #1 was secured in bed during a linen change and fell out of bed onto the floor on 05/29/26. This failure could place residents at risk for injury from falling and decreased quality of life. Findings Included: Record review of Resident #1's face sheet indicated Resident #1 was a [AGE] year-old female admitted to the facility on [DATE] with an original admission date of 02/25/26. Diagnoses included terminal cirrhosis of the liver (a chronic liver disease characterized by formation of permanent scar tissue (fibrosis) that damages the liver and interferes with its functioning; it can lead to liver failure), A-fib (an irregular, often rapid heartbeat caused by a glitch in the heart's electrical system that can cause a fluttering feeling in the chest and increase the risk of blood clots and stroke) with a pacemaker, Diabetes, high cholesterol, low potassium, depression, thyroid disease, heart failure, and muscle wasting. Record review of Resident #1's quarterly MDS assessment, dated 05/09/26, revealed Resident #1 had a BIMS score of 10, indicating she had moderate cognitive impairment. The MDS indicated Resident #1 required supervision with eating, oral, and personal hygiene, and upper body dressing. She required substantial assistance with toileting, bathing, and lower body dressing. She was dependent for footwear, transfers, rolling side to side, sitting to lying, and sit-to-stand. She was always incontinent of bladder and bowel. Her active diagnoses were medically complex conditions. She was on hospice. She was discharged to a local hospital on [DATE], did not return, and was unavailable for an interview. Record review of Resident #1's care plan dated 05/07/26, Goal: The resident has an ADL self-care performance deficit r/t disease process Date Initiated: 05/07/2026. Intervention: May utilize halo grab bars x2 to aid in repositioning and mobility. Date Initiated: 05/06/2026. Bed mobility: The resident is totally dependent on (2) staff for repositioning and turning in bed as necessary. Date Initiated: 05/29/2026. Goal: at risk for falls r/t impaired mobility. Date Initiated: 05/27/2026. Intervention: Concave/scoop mattress in place Date Initiated: 05/30/2026. Goal: Resident #1 has had an actual fall Date Initiated: 05/29/2026. Intervention: 5/29/2026- Resident had a witnessed fall from bed during care. Resident appears to have turned too far during care and fell from the bed. Neuro checks initiated and VS (vital signs) WNL (within normal limits) for baseline. Unable to assess ROM (range of motion) due to resident position, ROM not checked due to risk for further injury. 911 called and she was sent out to ED (emergency department) for further evaluation. Concave/scoop mattress placed for fall prevention. RP (patient representative) /MD (medical director) aware. Date Initiated: 05/29/2026. Record review of physician progress notes dated 05/07/26 revealed .Resident #1 admitted for skilled nursing care, rehabilitation, medication management, monitoring of cirrhosis/hepatic encephalopathy, weakness, fall risk, and chronic medical conditions. Plan: Fall with generalized weakness and debility: continue PT/OT evaluation and treatment; continue fall precautions. Record review of the facility's provider investigation report dated 06/05/26 revealed an incident date of 05/26/26 at 11:45 am. During perineal care and a bed change, the resident fell out of bed and landed on her right (continued on next page)		

Any deficiency statement ending with an asterisk (*) denotes a deficiency which the institution may be excused from correcting providing it is determined that other safeguards provide sufficient protection to the patients. (See instructions.) Except for nursing homes, the findings stated above are disclosable 90 days following the date of survey whether or not a plan of correction is provided. For nursing homes, the above findings and plans of correction are disclosable 14 days following the date these documents are made available to the facility. If deficiencies are cited, an approved plan of correction is requisite to continued program participation.

LABORATORY DIRECTOR'S OR PROVIDER/SUPPLIER REPRESENTATIVE'S SIGNATURE	TITLE	(X6) DATE
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Comparison x-rays ordered and resulted in no definite radiographic evidence of the acute fracture or dislocation of ribs, stable, and chronic fracture of the right 7th, 8th, and 9th ribs healed with mild deformity unchanged. Hospital x-rays determined no acute injury. The investigation findings were unfounded. Record review of LVN B progress notes dated 05/26/26 at 4:34 pm revealed called by CNA B that resident was on floor. When entering room resident was on right side between bed and wall. Right side of face on floor, right arm behind resident with body on top of it. Left arm bent hold onto the floor. Resident #1 with no brief on. Bed at mid position. Resident alert and oriented x3. Resident #1 said she fell from the bed. 911 called immediately due to resident complaining of pain to head, right shoulder, and hip. Vitals taken WNL (within normal limits). Ambulance arrived. EMTs (emergency medical technician) moved resident to sitting position and cleansed right elbow due to open area. Resident alert and oriented x3. 2 EMTs lifted the resident to stretcher with one EMT grabbing legs and the other hugging from behind. In an interview with the ADM on 06/09/26 at 10:00 am, he said Resident #1's fall was tragic and unfortunate in that no one could have determined that would happen. He said she was not cognitively impaired and was in the facility for a short term stay and then transition to hospice. He said Resident #1 had loose stools frequently resulting in getting complete bed changes. He said he spoke with Resident #1 after the incident and she told him how it happened, how she turned herself. He said she told him she was a little sore on her right arm. He said she only had one halo (circular bed rail), but it was on the opposite of the bed from where she was turning. He said the fall may have been prevented with another halo on the bed. He said at one point her bed was against the wall on the side without a halo and did not know when or who moved the bed away from the wall. In an interview with LVN A on 06/09/2026 at 12:06 pm, she said she was not working the day Resident #1 fell out of bed on 05/26/26. She said she heard the resident rolled out of bed when the CNA B was changing her and got sent to the hospital per protocol. She said x-rays were done that night and she got the report around 10 pm. She said the report said there were fractures on her right-side ribs. She said she called the DON, the doctor, and Resident #1's family member. She said she checked on Resident #1 before she made the calls, and the resident was ok. She said Resident #1 continued to complain of generalized pain over the next few days. Normally, she complained of pain to the left shoulder and Resident #1's family told her she always had that pain. She said Resident #1 was weak in general and confused, depending on her ammonia level. LVN A said Resident #1 could not get out of bed or dress herself. She said Resident #1 could feed herself and brush her teeth. She said Resident #1 had 1 halo on the right side. She said the family, physician, resident or team member could request them. She said no one requested a second rail until after the fall. LVN A said a physician order, updated care plan, and a consent was required for a halo. She said she never looked at Resident #1's care plan. She said she only looked at the Kardex the CNAs used (there was only 1 Kardex) to know which resident had or needed what. In an interview with CNA B on 06/09/2026 at 12:30 pm, she said she worked at the facility for about 6 months. She said she went to change Resident #1 by herself. She said she had worked with the resident several times before. She said the resident had diarrhea often, so the bed had to be changed completely. She said she always turned Resident #1 to her same side (left side). She said she asked the resident to turn to her left side on 05/29/26 and she did. She said Resident #1 kept rolling and ended up on the floor. She said there was no halo on that side of the bed. She said there was no fall mat either. She said normally, Resident #1 would turn on her own. She said she did (continued on next page)		

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